Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited ABN 90 002 762 610

Annual financial report 31 October 2024

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 October 2024

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 October 2024 and the auditor's report thereon.

Acknowledgement of Country

The Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited acknowledges the Traditional Owners and Custodians of Country throughout Australia and acknowledges their continuing connection to land, waters and community. We pay our respects to the people, the cultures and the Elders past, present and emerging.

Directors

The Directors of the Company at any time during the financial year were:

Information on Directors

	a 1	1 1	
Graeme (711	loch	

Chairman, Steelers Club

Life Member, Illawarra Steelers

Company Director

- Fellow, Governance Institute of Australia

Bachelor of Commerce

Master Business Administration

Director, St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Ptv

Ltd

Member, Risk and Audit Committee, Steelers Club

Remuneration Committee, Steelers Club

Illawarra RLFC Committee

Sean O'Connor

Deputy Chairman, Steelers Club

Life Member, Illawarra Steelers

- Chairman, Illawarra RLFC Committee

Company Director

John Borgo

Life Member, Illawarra Steelers

Member, Risk & Audit Committee, Steelers Club

Company Director

Robert Millward OAM

Illawarra RLFC Committee

Rugby League Administrator

Life Member, Illawarra Steelers

- President, New South Wales Rugby League Ltd

Life Member, New South Wales Rugby League Ltd

Director, New South Wales Leagues Club Ltd

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 October 2024

Information on Directors (continu	red)
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Information on Dire	ectors	(continued)
John Brannon	-	Chairman, Board of Management, Illawarra Division Rugby
		League; appointed December 2023
	-	Member, Risk & Audit Committee, Steelers Club
	-	Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors
	-	Company Director
	-	Bachelor of Commerce
	(= 0)	Master Business Administration
Tania Brown JP	_	Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors
	-	Councillor, Ward 2, Wollongong City Council
	-	Deputy Lord Mayor
	-	Manager, UOW Local, University of Wollongong
	,	Life Member, Destination Wollongong
	-	Resigned as Director, 5 th March 2024
Gerry Murphy	8 .	Chairman, Board of Management, Illawarra Division Rugby
		League; resigned December 2023
	_	Illawarra RLFC Committee
	-	Executive Board Member Australasian High Pressure Association
	-	East Coast Operations Manager for WOMA Australia
Tia Davis	-	Ex Officio Director, Steelers Club
	-	Station Manager (WIN Radio)
	-	Founding Board Member, Illawarra Community Foundation
	-	Member, Funding Committee, Illawarra Community Foundation
	-	Committee Member, Illawarra International Women's Day
	-	Committee Member, i98FM's Illawarra Convoy
	-	Resigned as Ex Officio Director, 21st December 2023
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Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the financial year were:

Steelers Board and Directors

*	Board meetings		Risk and Audit Commite meetings		
Director	Number of meetings attended	Number of eligible to attend	Number of meetings attended	Meetings eligible to attend	
G Gulloch	12	12	9	11	
S O'Connor	10	12	=	-	
J Borgo	11	12	6	11	
J Brannon	10	12	7	11	
R Millward	12	12	-		
T Brown	2	4	-	-	
T Davis	2	2		-	
G Murphy	10	12	1. 	_	
R Elvy*	-	-	10	11	

R Elvy is the independent Chairperson of the Risk and Audit Committee.

Steelers Board and Directors

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 October 2024

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are the promotion of Rugby League, at the local, state and national level. This incorporates the operation, management and/or support of the Illawarra District Rugby League Competition for the Men's Senior, Junior, and Women's competitions; and the management of teams in the New South Wales Rugby League Women's Premiership and junior representative competitions as a pathway to the St George Illawarra Dragons team's in the National Rugby League competitions. This is achieved through sponsorship agreements, and the operation of a licensed Club.

These activities generate funds to achieve the objectives of fostering and promoting rugby league as well as supporting our members and community.

A number of performance indicators are employed by the Company in order to measure and improve the Club's performance. The Club uses EBITDA & Contribution percentage analysis to measure the performance of each department.

Objectives

The Company's objective in both the short and long term is to manage a profitable licensed club that will allow us to:

- Be the leading rugby league District in Australia;
- Be the home of Rugby League administration and provide an environmentally and financially stable home of entertainment in Wollongong for members and visitors;
- · Provide services to our members; and
- Provide support to our community.

In order to meet these objectives, the following strategies have been implemented:

- Focus on the licensed club's operational performance;
- Focus on cash generation;
- · To operate within our affordable means; and
- To work closely with our key stakeholders.

The performance of the Company is measured on a monthly basis through financial reporting to the Risk and Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. Key elements of the Company's performance are monitored and evaluated by the Company's finance consultants, MF Accounting Services, the Company's General Manager and the Company's Board of Directors.

Review and results of operations

The Company's operations show a net trading profit of \$1,799 (2023: loss of \$153,499).

Dividends

The Company is a Company limited by guarantee and is prevented by its constitution from paying dividends.

State of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review.

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 October 2024

Events subsequent to reporting date

The Company entered into a Variation of the loan agreement with WIN Corporation Pty Ltd after the end of the financial year.

The varied loan has a termination date of 1 November 2027, is subject to interest payments, with minimum capital repayments of \$500,000 per year on updated terms.

Other than noted above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company, in the future financial years.

Environmental regulations

The Company's operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulations under either Commonwealth or State legislation. However, the Board believes that the Company has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any breach of these environmental requirements as they apply to the Company.

Likely developments

Information about likely developments in the operations of the Company, and the expected results of those operations in future financial years has not been included in this report because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

Company limited by guarantee

The Company is incorporated as a Company limited by guarantee. In accordance with the constitution of the Company, every member of the Company undertakes to contribute an amount limited to \$4 per member in the event of the winding up of the Company during the time that they are a member or within one year thereafter. At 31 October 2024 there were 7,090 members (2023: 9,965 members). The total amount that members of the Company are liable to contribute if the Company is wound up is \$28,360 (2023: \$39,860).

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

Indemnification

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Company, indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings.

Insurance

The directors have not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid in respect of the directors' and officers' liability and legal expenses' insurance contracts, as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 October 2024

Lead auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6 and forms part of the directors' report for the financial year ended 31 October 2024.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Graeme Gulloch

Director

Sean O'Connor

Director

Dated in Wollongong this 16th day of December 2024.



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited for the financial year ended 31 October 2024 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

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Adam Bird

Partner

Wollongong

16 December 2024

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Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue from licensed club operations Revenue from football operations Total revenue	4 4	7,113,980 667,740 7,781,720	6,691,912* 789,445 7,481,357
Other income Cost of goods sold Football operation expenses Administration expenses Licensed club expenses Results from operating activities	4	210,186 (708,656) (1,004,005) (801,511) (5,183,203) 294,531	204,179 (693,630) (867,043) (796,596) (5,173,689)*
Financial income Financial expense Net financing costs		24,889 (317,621) (292,732)	20,676 (328,753) (308,077)
Profit / (Loss) before income tax		1,799	(153,499)
Income tax expense	3(m)	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year		1,799	(153,499)
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of land and buildings		8	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,799	(153,499)

The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 11 to 27.

^{*} Refer to Note 3 (q) for details regarding restatement of certain comparatives.

Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 October 2024

For the year ended 31 October 2023	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total
Opening balance at 1 November 2022 Total comprehensive income for the year	12,898,927	(1,874,311)	11,024,616
Loss for the year		(153,499)	(153,499)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(153,499)	(153,499)
Closing balance at 31 October 2023	12,898,927	(2,027,810)	10,871,117
For the year ended 31 October 2024			
Opening balance at 1 November 2023	12,898,927	(2,027,810)	10,871,117
Total comprehensive income for the year			, ,
Profit for the year		1,799	1,799
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,799	1,799
Closing balance at 31 October 2024	12,898,927	(2,026,011)	10,872,916

The statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 11 to 27.

Statement of financial position

As at 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Inventories	5	830,479 34,442 81,505	828,359 160,532 83,185
Other assets Total current assets	6	219,229 1,165,655	248,427 1,320,503
Other assets Property, plant and equipment Total non-current assets	6 7	750 16,306,701 16,307,451	750 16,568,641 16,569,391
Total assets		17,473,106	17,889,894
Liabilities Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Employee benefits Total current liabilities	8 9 10	815,443 112,597 360,238 1,288,278	770,815 126,637 386,657 1,284,109
Loans and borrowings Employee benefits Total non-current liabilities	9 10	5,293,744 18,168 5,311,912	5,711,092 23,576 5,734,668
Total liabilities		6,600,190	7,018,777
Net assets		10,872,916	10,871,117
Members' funds Reserves Accumulated losses Total members' funds		12,898,927 (2,026,011) 10,872,916	12,898,927 (2,027,810) 10,871,117

The statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 11 to 27.

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts in the course of operations Cash payments in the course of operations		8,887,486 (7,768,001)	8,380,407* (7,719,014)*
Interest received Interest paid		24,889 (317,621)	20,676 (328,753)
Net cash from operating activities		826,753	353,316
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		27,000	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment Net cash used in investing activities		(190,876) (163,876)	(427,853) (427,853)
Cash flows from financing activities Payment of hire purchase liabilities		(160.757)	(121.050)
Payment of secured borrowings Net cash used in financing activities		(160,757) (500,000) (660,757)	(121,850) (500,000) (621,850)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		2,120	(696,387)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 November Cash and cash equivalents at 31 October	5	828,359 830,479	1,524,746 828,359

The statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 11 to 27.

^{*} Refer to Note 3 (q) for details regarding restatement of certain comparatives.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

1 Reporting entity

Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited (the "Company"), a not-for-profit entity is a Company domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office is 1-3 Burelli Street, Wollongong. The Company operates in the licensed club industry in Wollongong, NSW.

2 Basis of preparation

(a) Basis of accounting

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements for distribution to the members and for the purpose of fulfilling the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. They have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures made by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 16th of December 2024. Details of the Company's accounting policies, including any changes during the year, are included in Note 3 (p).

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for land and buildings which are stated at their fair value.

(c) Functional and presentation currency and rounding

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. There is no rounding in the financial statements.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

(e) Going Concern

The financial report is prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of \$122,623, the Company recorded a profit of \$1,799 and generated positive cash flows from operations of \$826,753 for the financial year ended 31 October 2024. The Directors are satisfied that the Company's forecast cashflows and available borrowing facilities will enable the Company to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Financial instruments

i. Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

ii. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets not classified as measured at a amortised cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost as an FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial liabilities – Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses
Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is
classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are
measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in
profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the
effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised
in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies (continued)

(a) Financial instruments (continued)

iii. De-recognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, short term bills and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cashflows.

(c) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at their amortised cost less impairment losses (see accounting policy 3(g)). The Company's standard trading terms require settlement within 7 days.

(d) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the selling expenses.

The cost of other inventories is based on the first-in first-out principle and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Owned assets

Land and buildings are stated at fair value, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Land is not depreciated. Other items of plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (see below) and impairment losses (see accounting policy 3(g)).

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing items and restoring the site on which they are located, and capitalised borrowing costs (see below).

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment and are recognised net within other income in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation reserve are transferred to retained earnings.

Borrowing costs

In respect of borrowing costs relating to qualifying assets for which the commencement date for capitalisation is on or after 1 November 2009, the Company capitalises borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset.

Subsequent costs

The Company recognises in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognised in profit or loss as an expense as incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment. Land is not depreciated.

The range of depreciation rates used for each class of asset in the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Buildings	%•	3% - 35%
Plant and equipment		7% - 50%
Furniture and fittings		7% - 20%
Motor vehicles		20%- 25%

The residual value, the useful life and the depreciation method applied to an asset are reassessed at least annually.

Determination of fair values

The fair value of land is recognised based on market values. In accordance with Company policy, independent external valuations are obtained at least every three years.

(f) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company uses the definition of a lease in AASB 16 Leases.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies (continued)

(f) Leased assets (continued)

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short term leases. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight line basis over the lease term as part of "other income".

The accounting policies applicable to the Company as a lessor in the comparative period were not different from AASB 16.

(g) Impairment

i. Non-Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying values of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets, being the higher of the asset's Fair Value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and when the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of an asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of a class of assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the class of assets belong.

ii. Financial Assets

The Company recognises loss allowances for ECL's on financial assets held at amortised cost. The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL. Lifetime ECL's are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

ECL's are a probability-weighted estimate of credit loss. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows the Company expects to receive).

ECL's are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies (continued)

(g) Impairment (continued)

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

iii. Reversals of impairment

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(h) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their amortised cost.

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and normally settle on 30-day terms.

(i) Loans and borrowings

Interest bearing

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

Non-interest bearing

Non-interest bearing loans are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. When no repayment date is specified and the repayment date is not known into the foreseeable future, the loan is measured at its face value.

(j) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution superannuation funds

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation funds are expensed as the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payment available.

(ii) Other long term service benefits

The Company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in hey arise.

(iii) Short term benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies (continued)

(j) Employee benefits (continued)

(iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are expensed at the earlier of when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Company recognises costs for a restructuring. If benefits are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting period, then they are discounted.

(k) Revenue

Goods sold and services rendered

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised in profit or loss when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. Revenue from services rendered is recognised in profit or loss when the underlying services have been provided. No revenue is recognised if there is significant uncertainty regarding recovery of consideration due.

Poker machine revenue

Poker machine revenue is recognised in profit or loss, net of prizes and jackpots and GST, once the underlying games have been completed.

Other gaming revenue

Other gaming revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the underlying gaming event has been completed.

Sponsorship

Sponsorship revenue is recognised as revenue over the period the sponsorship relates to.

Rental income

Rental income is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

(l) Net financing costs

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method. The interest expense component of finance lease payments is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings. Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies (continued)

(m) Taxation

Income tax

Under Tax Ruling 2022/2, not-for-profit clubs with a primary purpose of encouraging a game or sport are exempt from paying corporate income tax.

The directors have reviewed the objectives and activities of the Company for the year ended 31 October 2024 and have concluded that the Company is to be tax exempt pursuant to Sections 50-1 and 50-45, Item 9.1 of the Income Tax Assessment Act, 1997.

(n) Goods and services tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the ATO. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(o) Reserves

The revaluation reserve relates to the revaluation of land and buildings which are stated at fair value.

(p) Changes in accounting policies

The Company adopted *Disclosure of Accounting Policies: Tier 2 and Other Australian Accounting Standards (Amendments to AASB 1049, 1054 and 1060)* from 1 November 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments required the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

Management reviewed the accounting policies and made updates to the information disclosed in Note 3 Material accounting policies (2023: Significant accounting policies) in certain instances in line with the amendments.

A number of other new accounting standards are also effective from 1 November 2023 but they do not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

3 Material accounting policies (continued)

(q) Restatement of certain comparatives

In the current year, the revenue accounting policy has been amended to explain that gaming revenue is calculated excluding GST, with the equal and opposite GST expense also excluded.

This has impacted the prior period figures, but has had no impact on operating profit, the statement of financial position or net cashflows from operating activities. In order to ensure comparability with the current year, certain balances in the prior year have been restated as follows:

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year	ended	31
October 2023	3	

Impact of correction of error

Previously reported	Adjustments	Restated	
7,132,937	(441,025)	6,691,912	
(5,614,714)	441,025	(5,173,689)	
	7,132,937	7,132,937 (441,025)	7,132,937 (441,025) 6,691,912

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ende	d 31
October 2023	

Impact of correction of error

	Previously reported	Adjustments	Restated
Receipts from customers Payments to supplier & employees	8,821,432 (8,160,039)	(441,025) 441,025	8,380,407 (7,719,014)
employees			

Revenue Note 4

For the year ended 31 October 2023

Impact of correction of error

October Mondo			
	Previously reported	Adjustments	Restated
Gaming income	4,849,821	(441,025)	4,408,796
Total revenue	7,132,937	(441,025)	6,691,912
Timing of revenue recognition Product and services transferred at a point in time	7,415,068	(441,025)	6,974,043

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

		2024 \$	2023 \$
4	Revenue		
	Revenue from licensed club operations		
	Bar income	1,789,263	1,757,903
	Gaming income	4,772,141	4,408,796*
	Commissions	201,028	174,662
	Sundry	351,548	350,551
		7,113,980	6,691,912
	Revenue from football operations		
	Sponsorship income	302,865	421,259
	Grant income	121,000	111,000
	Sundry	243,875	257,186
		667,740	789,445
	Other income		
	Rental income	183,737	179,234
	Sundry income	26,449	24,945
		210,186	204,179
	Timing of Revenue Recognition	8	
	Product and services transferred at a point in time	7,384,304	6,974,043*
	Product and services transferred over time	607,602	711,493
		7,991,906	7,685,536
	* Refer to Note 3 (q) for details regarding restatement of c	ertain comparatives.	
5	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash at bank	581,979	569,859
	Cash on hand	248,500	258,500
	Cash and Cash equivalents	830,479	828,359
6	Other assets		
	Current		
	Prepayments	171,355	199,322
	Term deposit	47,874	49,105
		219,229	248,427
	Non-current		
	Other	750	750

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

		2024 \$	2023 \$
7	Property, plant and equipment		
	Land and buildings		
	At fair value Accumulated depreciation	16,656,551 (1,016,783) 15,639,768	16,475,704 (654,361) 15,821,343
	Furniture and fittings At cost Accumulated depreciation	357,278 (248,956) 108,322	262,729 (223,557) 39,172
	Plant and equipment At cost Accumulated depreciation	2,179,245 (1,620,634) 558,611	2,042,421 (1,334,295) 708,126
	Motor vehicles At cost Accumulated amortisation		54,600 (54,600)
	Total cost/fair value Total accumulated depreciation Total property, plant and equipment	19,193,074 (2,886,373) 16,306,701	18,835,454 (2,266,813) 16,568,641

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

2024	2023
\$	\$

7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment are set out below:

Land and buildings Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposal:- gross carrying amount Disposal:- depreciation offset Depreciation Revaluation Carrying amount at end of year	15,821,343 180,847 - (362,422) - 15,639,768	15,800,000 368,072 (21,770) 18,632 (343,591)
Furniture and fittings		
Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposal:- gross carrying amount Disposal:- depreciation offset Depreciation Carrying amount at end of year	39,172 94,549 - (25,399) 108,322	(23,311) 39,172
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposal:- gross carrying amount	708,126 146,824 (10,000)	947,572 59,781
Disposal:- depreciation offset	8,020	_
Depreciation	(294,359)	(299,227)
Carrying amount at end of year	558,611	708,126
Motor vehicles Carrying amount at beginning of year Disposal:- gross carrying amount Disposal:- depreciation offset Depreciation Carrying amount at end of year	(54,602) 54,602	
Carrying amount at end or year		

The Club utilised a finance facility for the purchase of furniture and fittings, and plant and equipment throughout the year. Refer to Note 9.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

2024	2023
\$	\$

7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

a) Fair value hierarchy

Land and buildings measured at fair value were valued by an independent valuer, for the 31 October 2022 reporting date. The Directors have considered the valuation with regard to current market conditions and believe the external valuation is still appropriate as at 31 October 2024.

The fair value of land is recognised based on market values.

Land and buildings measured at fair value, with a carrying amount of \$15,639,768 (2023: \$15,821,343) are subject to a registered mortgage to secure loans provided by WIN Corporation Pty Limited. Refer to Note 9.

8 Trade and other payables

Current		
Trade payables	165,119	164,096
Other payables and accrued expenses	650,324	606,719
	815,443	770,815
9 Loans and Borrowings		
Current		
Hire purchase liabilities	112,597	126,637
Non-current		
Hire purchase liabilities	121,621	38,969
WIN Corporation Pty Limited - secured	5,172,123	5,672,123
	5,293,744	5,711,092

Refer to Note 7 for disclosure surrounding security attached to the loans provided by WIN Corporation Pty Limited.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

9 Loans and Borrowings (continued)

Financing arrangements

Loans from WIN Corporation Pty Limited - secured

The loan was an interest only loan until minimum capital repayments of \$500,000 per year commenced in November 2021. The Company made an early capital payment of \$500,000 during the year. The loan had a termination date of 1 November 2024 with a roll over option for a further 3 years. During the year the Company and WIN Corporation Pty Ltd agreed to extend the existing agreement as allowed by the roll over option. Refer to Note 12 for Variation of loan agreement.

Terms and repayment schedule

The terms and conditions of outstanding loans are as follows:

				2024	2023
				\$	\$
Type	Currency	Nominal	Year of	Carrying	Carrying
		Interest rate	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Secured Loan	AUD	3.5% - 5.49%	2024	5,172,123	5,672,123
Hire Purchase liabilities	AUD	0% - 7.19%	2024 - 2029	234,218	165,606
Total interest bearing liabilities				5,406,341	5,837,729
The Company has access to the following lines of credit: Total facilities available:					
bank overdraftcredit cards				200,000 12,000 212,000	200,000 12,000 212,000
Facilities utilised at balance dat bank overdraft	te:			-	
credit cards				2,918	8,283
Facilities not utilised at balance	date:			2,918	8,283
bank overdraft	, date.			200,000	200,000
credit cards				9,082	3,717
				209,082	203,717

Bank overdraft

The bank overdraft is secured by a guarantee from the Company. Interest on the bank overdraft is charged at prevailing market rates.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

		2024 \$	2023 \$
10	Employee benefits		
	Aggregate liability for employee benefits, including or	n-costs	
	Current	175 227	105 400
	Annual Leave Long Service Leave	175,327 184,911	185,428 201,229
		360,238	386,657
	Non-Current		
	Long Service Leave	18,168	23,576

Defined contribution superannuation funds

The Company makes contributions to a defined contribution superannuation fund. The amount recognised as an expense was \$236,063 for the financial year ended 31 October 2024 (2023: \$209,985).

11 Related Party Disclosures

Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any director (executive or otherwise) of the Company. Key management personnel compensation comprised short-term employee benefits, post-employment benefits, other long-term benefits, termination benefits, and director honorariums:

Key management personnel compensation	240,070	224,530

Other related party transactions

A number of key management personnel, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of these entities.

A number of these entities transacted with the Company in the reporting period.

WIN Corporation Pty Limited

As a condition of providing a loan facility to the Company, WIN Corporation obtained the right to have a WIN Corporation representative attend all board meetings of the Company. As at reporting date, the balance of the loan outstanding was \$5,172,123 (2023: \$5,672,123).

During the year the Company incurred interest on the loan facility of \$315,041 (2023: \$332,099). As at reporting date, amounts totalling \$0 were payable to WIN Corporation in relation to interest on the facility (2023: \$0).

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

11 Related Party Disclosures (continued)

Waples Marketing Group Pty Limited

Mr G Gulloch is a director of Waples Marketing Group Pty Limited ("Waples"). During the current and comparative periods the Company engaged the services of Waples in relation to various promotional activities. The value of these transactions during the period ended 31 October 2024 was \$0 (2023: \$16,133) and the balance owing as at 31 October 2024 was \$0 (2023: \$0).

The nature of these transactions relates to Waples acting as a media agency for the Company in the purchasing of advertising with local media outlets. Under these arrangements, Waples invoices the Company for the value of the advertisements placed in addition to their fee on the transaction.

Kembla Grange Self Storage Pty Ltd

Mr J Borgo is a director of Kembla Grange Self Storage Pty Ltd. During the current and comparative periods, the Company engaged Kembla Grange Self Storage to facilitate the storage of rugby league match day and training equipment, and function related equipment and furnishings.

The value of these transactions during the period ended 31 October 2024 was \$10,089 (2023: \$12,662) and the balance owing as at 31 October 2024 was \$0 (2023: \$0).

J & L Borgo Pty Ltd

Mr J Borgo is a director of J & L Borgo Pty Ltd. During the current period, the Company engaged J & L Borgo to provide miscellaneous food supplies.

The value of these transactions during the period ended 31 October 2024 was \$11,532 (2023: \$6,916) and the balance owing as at 31 October 2024 was \$0 (2023: \$1,419).

12 Subsequent events

The Company entered into a Variation of the loan agreement with WIN Corporation Pty Ltd after the end of the financial year.

The varied loan has a termination date of 1 November 2027, is subject to interest payments, with minimum capital repayments of \$500,000 per year on updated terms.

Other than noted above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company, in the future financial years.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 October 2024

	*	2024 \$	2023 \$
13	Auditors' remuneration		
	Audit and review services: Audit and review of financial statements	40,128	38,613
	Other services Risk management review		30,080

Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited:

- the financial statements and notes, set out on pages 7 to 27, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
- giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 October 2024 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosure Requirements and Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Dated at Wollongong this 16th day of December 2024.

Graeme Gunoch

Director

Sean O'Connor

Director



Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited

Opinion

We have audited the *Financial Report* of Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited (the Company).

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of the Company gives a true and fair view, including of the Company's financial position as at 31 October 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, in compliance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The Financial Report comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 31 October 2024;
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, Statement of changes in equity, and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes, including a summary of material accounting policies; and
- Directors' Declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Illawarra District Rugby League Football Club Limited's annual report which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with

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the Financial Report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and in compliance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the
 going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable,
 matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless
 they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic
 alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing and Assurance Standards Board* website at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

KPMG

Adam Bird

Partner

Wollongong

16 December 2024